





Why Learn About Trauma?

Benefits

How we think about something affects how we respond

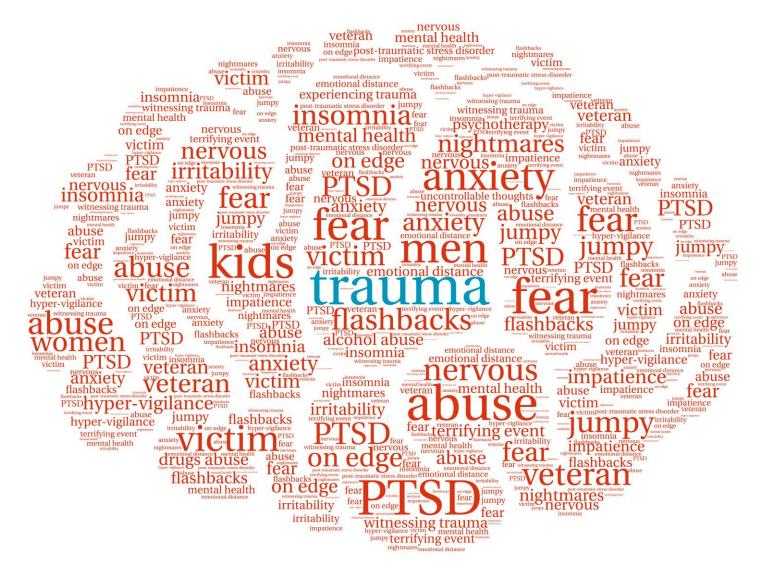






Why Learn About Trauma?

What's past is prologue



Trauma rates are very high

Jail Diversion Study

V omen

96% lifetime

74% current **V**en

89% lifetime

86% current

Mental Health Court Study

Abuse (self report)	% Women	% Men
Sexual abuse or rape (prior to age 20)	70	25
Parents hit or threw things at one another	46	27
Parents beat them with belt whip or strap	61	68
Parents hit them with something hard	43	36
Parents beat or really hurt them with their hands	42	36
Parents injured them enough to need medical attention	22	8

V omen

67% child physical abuse

34% current physical/sexual abuse (past 12 mos.)

Ven

73% child physical abuse

32% current physical/sexual abuse (past 12 mos.)

National Child Traumatic Stress Network Study Justice Involved Youth Age 13-18

- Average number of trauma types—5
- PTSD—24% clinical range
- Academic Problems— 72%

- Substance use— 44%
- Child welfare involvement— 42%
- Age of onset— 1 year of life 34% ages 1-5 28%



National Survey of Children's Exposure to Violence Youth Age 0-18

- 37% experienced a physical assault in past year, peaks 6-9 (51% over lifetime) B>G
- 5% experienced <u>sexual assault</u> in past year, peaks 14-17 (8.4% over lifetime) G>B
- 15% experienced any <u>maltreatment</u> in the last year, peaks 14-17 (25% over lifetime) B>G
- 25% witnessed violence in past year, peaks 14-17 (38% over lifetime) B=G: boys more likely to witness community violence and girls family violence



Why We Learn About Trauma

- Develop understanding
- Increase awareness
- Recognize signs
- Learn how to respond

GOAL: Trauma-Informed Responses

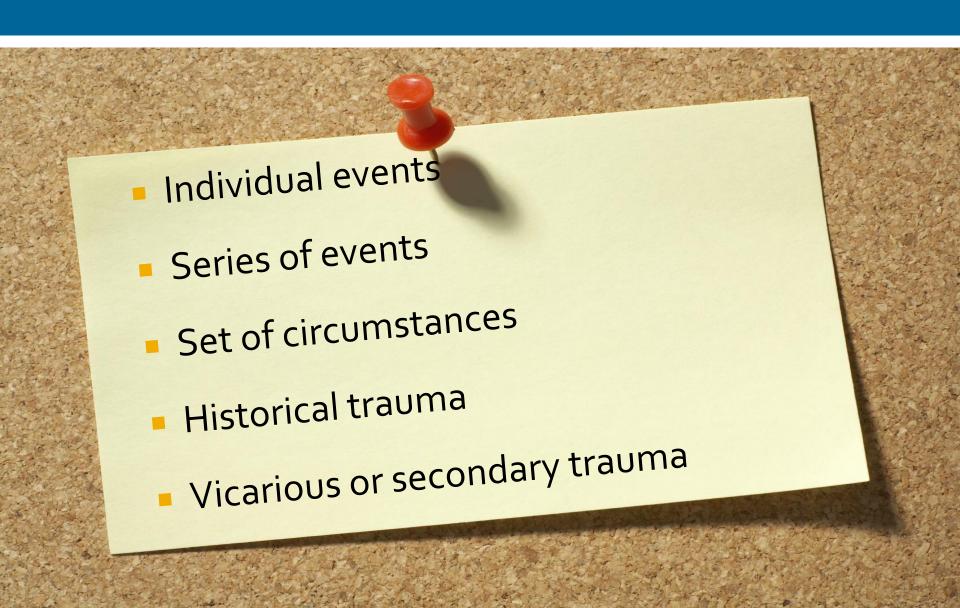
- Increase safety
- Reduce recidivism
- Promote recovery

What Is Trauma?



Effect

Examples of Traumatic Events



VIDEO

What Does
Trauma Look Like?







Shapes World View:



Self
Beliefs
Relationships



WHO IS AFFECTED

- Judges
- Attorneys
- Court staff
- Jury members
- Court consultants

IMPACT WORK PRODUCT

- Behaviors
- Interpersonal
- Job Performance
- Personal values/beliefs

IMPACT PERSONAL

- Health problems
- Mental health
 - -Relationships
 - -Substance use
 - Burnout



Principles of a Trauma-Informed Approach

- Cultural, historical, and gender issues
- Empowerment, voice, and choice
- Safety
- Peer support
- Collaboration and mutuality
- Trustworthiness and transparency

What Is Trauma?

- Event, experience, effect
- Sudden event/ongoing abuse, past/present
- Experienced as terrifying, threatening, overwhelming
- Impact is pervasive and experienced throughout life
- Individualized experiences

Many people cope or heal – others get stuck

Next Steps

- What does it mean to be "trauma informed"?
- Who is your "trauma-informed" champion?
- What resources do you have in your community to provide trauma-specific tx?
- What is your road map to becoming a trauma-informed court? Justice system? Community?

Closing



Please complete the evaluation form at the end of the program

For More Information



http://www.samhsa.gov/gains-center

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